Introduction
- The Center for Disease Control and Prevention (2017) reports that 1 in 6 people living in the US are Hispanic and by 2035 this could be nearly 1 in 4.
- Research has proven Hispanics differ in pain perception when compared to other ethnicities.
- Nurses should be aware of cultural differences and tailor their practice to meet diverse cultural needs and deliver high-quality efficient care.

Purpose
The goal of the current study is to provide a “nurse-centric” perspective on issues and concerns surrounding pain relief among Hispanic patients.

Methods
- A review of literature was conducted to determine overarching themes guiding Hispanic patients when making decisions regarding pain management.
- A survey was distributed to the members of the Illinois Chapter of the Hispanic Nurses’ Association in order to identify Hispanic Nurses’ perceptions and knowledge base of pain management among the Hispanic population.

Themes
- Patriarchal Influence
- Socio-economic Factors
- Normalization of Violence
- Implications in the Nursing Practice

Conclusion
The societal constructs in which the Filipino culture was built on keeps the issue of IPV hidden. Nurses, especially Filipino nurses, must realize the importance of cultural competence and their role in intervening for an IPV victim.

Results/Analyses: In progress